

**Life can get out of hand, but my heavy periods don't have to.**



*Not an actual patient.*

## Break the cycle of disruptive heavy periods from uterine fibroids

Myfembree is the first and only FDA-approved once-daily pill to reduce heavy menstrual bleeding from uterine fibroids in premenopausal women.

Myfembree should not be taken for more than 24 months.

FDA = Food and Drug Administration.



**Myfembree**<sup>®</sup>  
(relugolix, estradiol, and  
norethindrone acetate) tablets  
40 mg, 1 mg, 0.5 mg

### USE

Myfembree is used to control heavy menstrual bleeding due to uterine fibroids in premenopausal women  $\geq 18$  years of age. It should not be taken for more than 24 months.

### IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

**Boxed Warning. Cardiovascular conditions:** Myfembree may increase your chances of heart attack, stroke, or blood clots, especially if you are  $>35$  years old and smoke or have uncontrolled high blood pressure. **Stop taking Myfembree and call your healthcare provider (HCP) or go to the nearest emergency room right away if you have:** leg pain or swelling that won't go away; sudden shortness of breath; double vision, bulging of the eyes, sudden partial or complete blindness; pain or pressure in your chest, arm, or jaw; sudden, severe headache unlike your usual headaches; weakness or numbness in an arm or leg, or trouble speaking.

Please see Important Safety Information throughout and full **Prescribing Information, including BOXED WARNING**

## What are the benefits of Myfembree?

If you're tired of planning around excessive bleeding, you're not alone. Many women struggle with heavy periods from uterine fibroids (UF) every month. The good news? Significant relief is possible with Myfembree.

Myfembree was studied and proven effective in two 6-month clinical studies in a total of 768 premenopausal women who had heavy period bleeding due to UF.

After taking Myfembree:

# 72%

of women saw their bleeding drop by at least half and to a normal level\* or less by the last month of treatment.†

\*Normal bleeding is defined as 80 mL (about 1/3 cup) or less.

†At Week 24, compared with 16% of women on placebo.



**My days don't always go to plan, but at least I'm not planning for heavy periods.**

### IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (Cont'd)

#### Do not take Myfembree if you:

- have or have had blood clots in your legs, lungs, or eyes; a stroke or heart attack; a problem that makes your blood clot more than normal; blood circulation disorders; certain heart valve or rhythm problems that can cause blood clots to form in the heart; high blood pressure not well controlled by medicine; diabetes with kidney, eye, nerve, or blood vessel damage; certain kinds of severe migraine headaches with aura, numbness, weakness or changes in vision or migraine headaches if you are >35 years old; breast cancer or any cancer that is sensitive to female hormones; osteoporosis; undiagnosed vaginal bleeding; liver problems;

Please see Important Safety Information throughout and full **Prescribing Information, including BOXED WARNING**



Myfembree®  
(relugolix, estradiol, and  
norethindrone acetate) tablets  
40 mg, 1 mg, 0.5 mg

## Myfembree makes lighter periods possible

Average period  
bleeding went  
down by



84%<sup>‡</sup>

<sup>‡</sup>At Week 24, compared with an average 17% reduction in women taking placebo.

## What else you could expect:



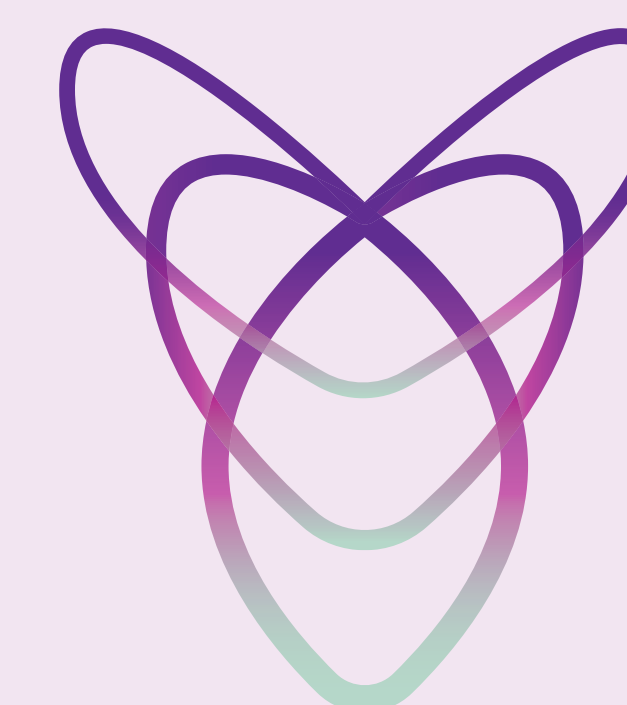
**Your next period could be lighter.** While the studies were not specifically designed to determine how quickly Myfembree worked, some of the women started to see a reduction in bleeding at Week 4.



**50% of women stopped getting their periods** during the last month of treatment in the studies.<sup>§</sup> A majority of women saw their periods return once they stopped the therapy,<sup>||</sup> typically within 1-2 months.



On average, 1 in 2 women with **low hemoglobin saw an increase in their levels<sup>¶</sup>** by Week 24.<sup>#</sup>



**Myfembree is not a surgery, procedure, injection, or painkiller.**

It is a once-daily prescription pill designed to reduce heavy menstrual bleeding from UF.

Learn more at [myfembree.com](https://myfembree.com)

<sup>§</sup>Compared with 5% of women taking placebo.

<sup>||</sup>Based on 65 women who did not enter a posttreatment extension study or stopped treatment earlier.

<sup>¶</sup>With Myfembree, 49% of women with low hemoglobin levels at the start of the studies saw levels rise by at least 2 g/dL by Week 24, vs 10% on placebo.

<sup>#</sup>Myfembree was not specifically studied in women with anemia. Hemoglobin levels in the blood at 10.5 g/dL or less may be a sign of anemia. The normal levels of hemoglobin for women are above 12 g/dL.

# What are the possible side effects of Myfembree?

In clinical trials, the safety of Myfembree was also studied.



## Most common side effects

The most common side effects of taking Myfembree for heavy period bleeding due to UF include hot flushes, increased sweating, night sweats, abnormal vaginal bleeding (bleeding that lasts too long, that is too heavy, or is unexpected), hair loss or hair thinning, and decreased interest in sex. Always tell your doctor if you experience a side effect that bothers you or will not go away.



## Serious side effects

Serious side effects were reported in 3.1% of women on Myfembree vs 2.3% on placebo. Fibroid expulsion with heavy bleeding, fibroid prolapse, gallbladder inflammation, and pelvic pain were experienced by one person each across both studies.



## Discontinuations

In clinical trials, 3.9% of women treated with Myfembree stopped taking Myfembree as a result of side effects, compared to 4.3% of women in the placebo group. The most common side effect that led to discontinuation was uterine bleeding (1.2%), occurring usually within the first 3 months of treatment.



## Who should not take Myfembree?

Myfembree is not recommended for women with uncontrolled high blood pressure, circulation disorders, blood clots, heart problems, breast cancer or any cancer that is sensitive to female hormones, osteoporosis, organ damage due to diabetes, migraine, liver problems, vaginal bleeding that has not been diagnosed, or a serious allergic reaction to any ingredient in Myfembree. **Please see Important Facts at the end for a complete list.**



## Myfembree and bone loss

Myfembree may lower your estrogen levels. That is what helps to reduce your monthly bleeding; however, low estrogen levels can lead to low bone mineral density. It is not known if these changes could increase your risk for broken bones as you grow older. For this reason, treatment should be limited to 24 months. Your doctor may advise you to take vitamin D and/or calcium supplements to help promote bone health. If you are also advised to take iron supplements, they should be taken at least two hours apart from your vitamin D or calcium supplements.



## Myfembree and effects on pregnancy

Do not take Myfembree if you are pregnant or trying to become pregnant. It may increase the risk of early pregnancy loss. If you think you might be pregnant, stop taking Myfembree and contact your doctor immediately.

Because Myfembree reduces menstrual bleeding, it may be hard to know if you are pregnant. You will need to use effective methods of birth control while taking Myfembree and for one week after you stop taking Myfembree. Examples of effective methods can include condoms or spermicide, which do not contain hormones. Do not take hormonal birth control such as birth control pills, because they may increase side effects and Myfembree may not work as well. Talk with your doctor about which birth control options may be available to you while on Myfembree.

## IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (Cont'd)

### Do not take Myfembree if you (Cont'd):

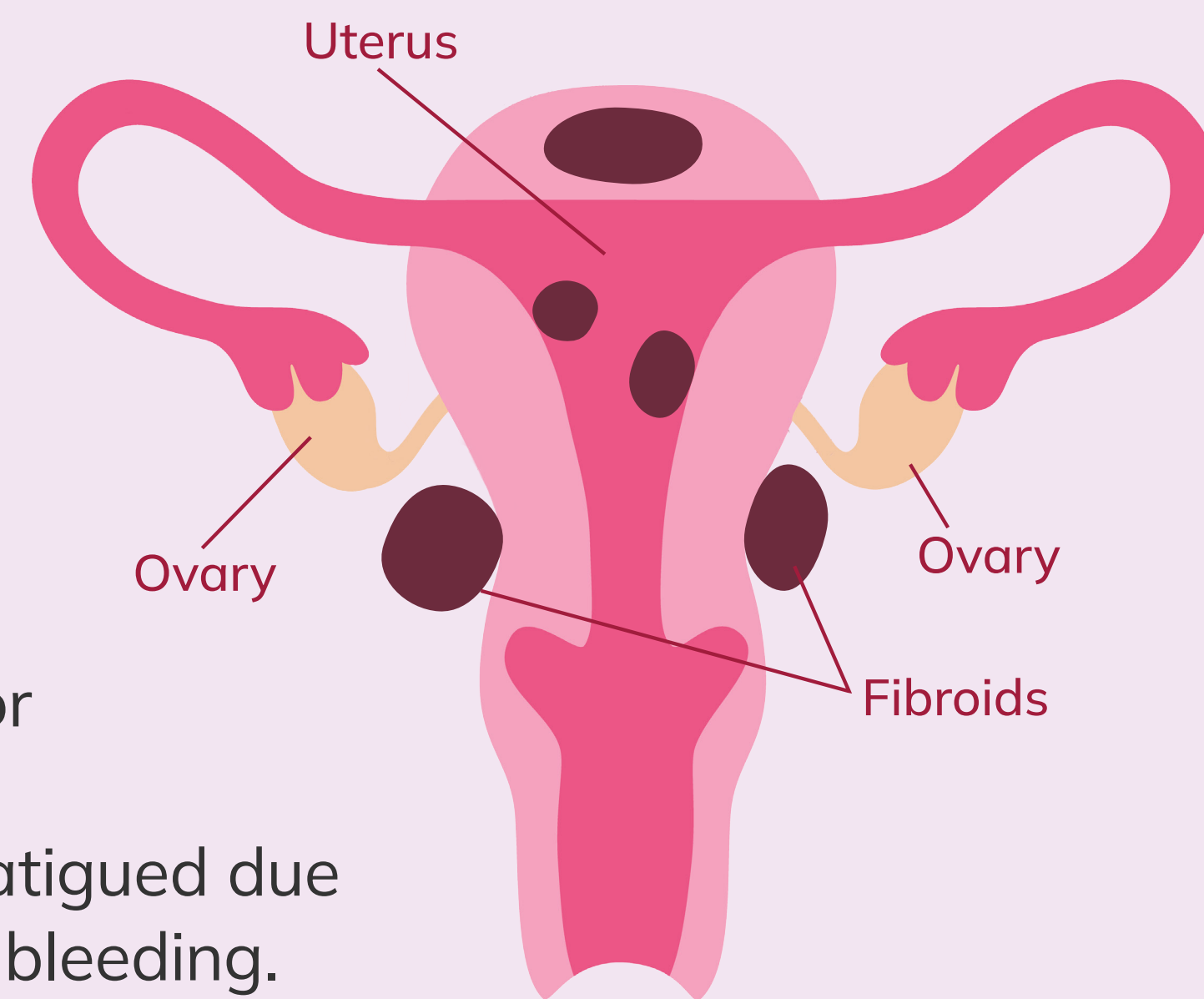
- smoke and are >35 years old;
- have had a serious allergic reaction (e.g., swelling of your face, lips, mouth or tongue, trouble breathing, skin rashes, redness) or swelling or an allergic reaction to relugolix, estradiol, norethindrone or any of the ingredients in Myfembree.

**Bone loss (decreased bone mineral density [BMD]).** While taking Myfembree, your estrogen levels may be low, which can lead to BMD loss. If this happens, your BMD may improve after you stop Myfembree, but complete recovery may not occur. It is unknown if these BMD changes could increase your risk for broken bones as you age. For this reason, **you should not take Myfembree for more than 24 months.** Your HCP may order an X-ray test called a DXA scan to check your BMD when you start Myfembree and periodically after.

Please see Important Safety Information throughout and full **Prescribing Information, including BOXED WARNING**

## What are uterine fibroids?

Are your periods feeling heavy?  
Uterine fibroids are a common cause.  
While fibroids are non-cancerous,  
they develop as growths that are  
found in and around the uterus.



Symptoms from fibroids may make dealing  
with periods challenging, such as bleeding for  
more than 7 days, requiring more than one  
pad/tampon at a time, and feeling dizzy or fatigued due  
to anemia from UF-related heavy menstrual bleeding.

## How does Myfembree work to reduce bleeding from uterine fibroids?

Myfembree contains three key ingredients, designed to support an optimal hormone range that may help reduce heavy bleeding due to fibroids.

### Relugolix:

Reduces hormones, such as estrogen, to reduce heavy bleeding.



### Norethindrone acetate:

May protect the uterus from the effect of estrogen alone.

### Estradiol (an estrogen):

May reduce bone loss from relugolix alone.

*Not actual pill size.*

 Myfembree®  
(relugolix, estradiol, and  
norethindrone acetate) tablets  
40 mg, 1 mg, 0.5 mg

**I'm tired of constantly changing pads and packing extra clothes to get through the day.**

### IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (Cont'd)

**Suicidal thoughts and behavior and worsening of mood.** Call your HCP or get emergency medical help right away if you have any of these symptoms, especially if they are new, worse, or bother you: thoughts about suicide or dying, attempts to commit suicide, new or worse depression or anxiety, other unusual changes in behavior or mood. Pay attention to any changes, especially sudden changes in your mood, behaviors, thoughts, or feelings.

**Abnormal liver tests.** Call your HCP right away if you have any of these signs and symptoms of liver problems: jaundice, dark, amber-colored urine, feeling tired, nausea and vomiting, generalized swelling, right upper stomach area pain, bruising easily.

**High blood pressure.** See your HCP to check your blood pressure regularly.

Please see Important Safety Information throughout and full **Prescribing Information, including BOXED WARNING**

## How do you get started on Myfembree?

As soon as you get your next period, it's time to start Myfembree



If Myfembree is started more than 7 days after your period begins, bleeding may become heavy or irregular for the first month of treatment. Bleeding should then decrease.



Take 1 pill, once a day, at the same time.




Do not take Myfembree if you are pregnant or taking hormonal birth control. Ask your doctor which nonhormonal birth controls are safe to use with Myfembree.

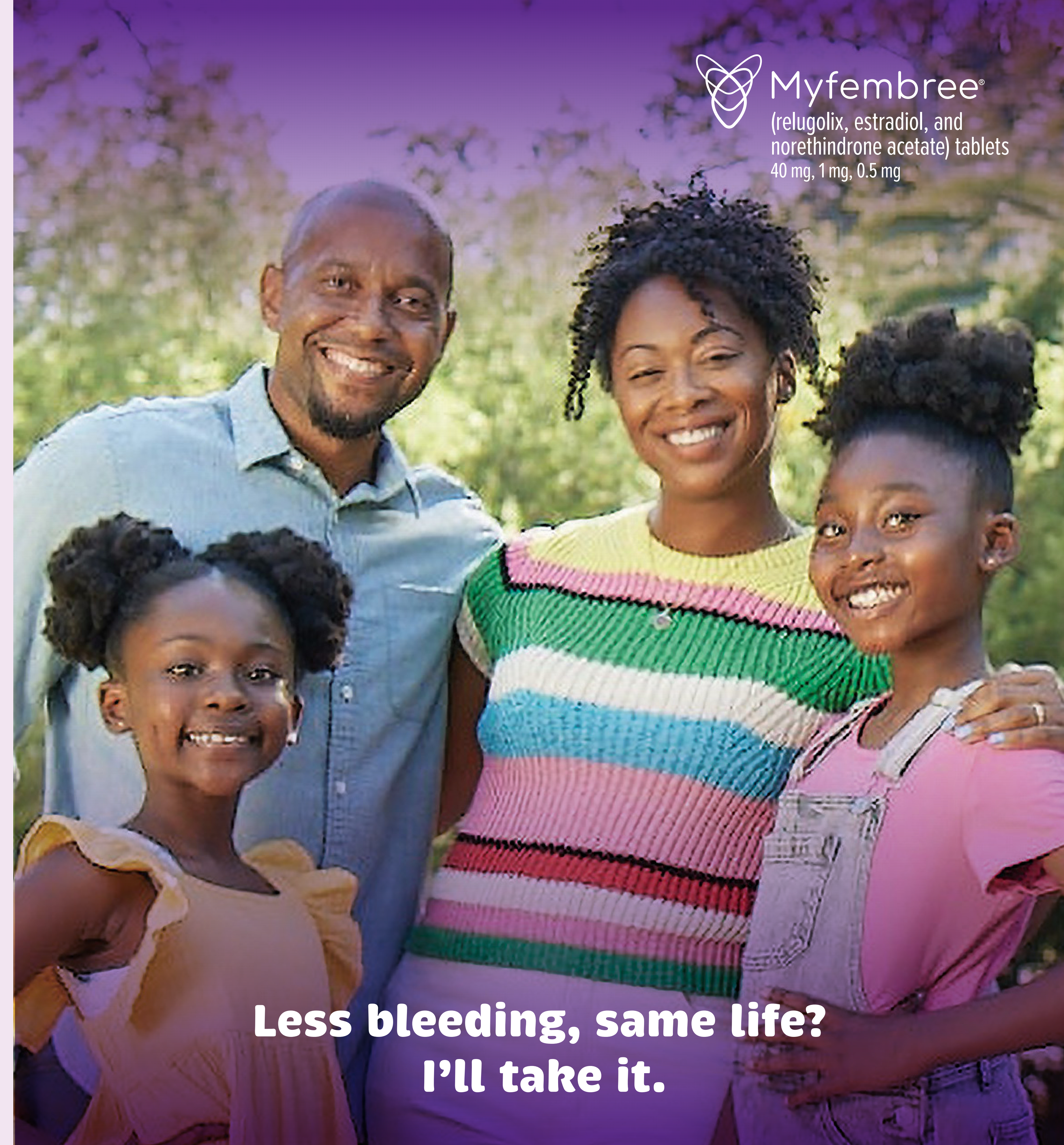
Myfembree should not be taken for more than 24 months.

## What if you forget to take Myfembree?



**If you miss a pill, take it as soon as possible, and resume your regular schedule the next day.** If a day passes and you didn't remember to take Myfembree, don't take 2 doses to make up for the missed dose. Skip it—and just take the next dose at your usual time.

 Myfembree®  
(relugolix, estradiol, and norethindrone acetate) tablets  
40 mg, 1 mg, 0.5 mg



**Less bleeding, same life?  
I'll take it.**

## IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (Cont'd)

**Effects on pregnancy. Do not take** Myfembree if you are trying to become or are pregnant. It may increase the risk of early pregnancy loss. **If you think you are pregnant**, stop taking Myfembree right away and call your HCP. Myfembree can cause decreased or no menstrual bleeding, making it hard to know if you are pregnant. Watch for other signs of pregnancy like breast tenderness, weight gain, and nausea. Myfembree does not prevent pregnancy. You will need to use effective non-hormonal methods of birth control (e.g., condoms, spermicide) during and for 1 week after stopping Myfembree. Do not take hormonal birth control such as birth control pills, because they may increase side effects and Myfembree may not work as well.

**Uterine fibroid prolapse or expulsion.** Fibroids can come out completely or partially through the vagina. Call your HCP right away if you have increased bleeding from the vagina, which can be serious, or cramping.

**Severe allergic reactions.** Myfembree may cause swelling of your face, lips, mouth or tongue, trouble breathing, skin rashes, and redness.

**Most common side effects** are hot flushes, increased sweating, night sweats, abnormal vaginal bleeding, hair loss or thinning, and decreased interest in sex.

These are not all the possible side effects of Myfembree. Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects.

Please see Important Safety Information throughout and full **Prescribing Information, including BOXED WARNING**

# Myfembree® Copay Assistance Program Terms, Conditions, and Eligibility Criteria



- To be eligible for the Myfembree Copay Assistance Program (“Copay Program”), patients must have commercial prescription insurance, have a valid prescription for an FDA-approved indication of Myfembree, be 18 years or older, and be a resident of the U.S., Puerto Rico, or U.S. Territories.
- **The Copay Program is not valid for patients enrolled in any state or federal government program, including, but not limited to, Medicaid, Medicare, Medigap, Department of Defense (DoD), Veterans Affairs (VA), TRICARE, Puerto Rico Government Insurance, or any state pharmaceutical assistance program. Patients may not use this offer if they are Medicare-eligible and enrolled in an employer-sponsored health plan or prescription drug benefit program for retirees. Offer is not valid for cash-paying patients.**
- The benefit under the Copay Program is offered to, and intended for the sole benefit of, eligible patients and may not be transferred to or utilized for the benefit of third parties, including, without limitation, third party payers, pharmacy benefit managers, or the agents of either.
- Copay Card cannot be combined with any other external savings, free trial or similar offer for the specified prescription (including any program offered by a third party payer or pharmacy benefit manager, or an agent of either, that adjusts patient cost-sharing obligations, through arrangements that may be referred to as “accumulator” or “maximizer” programs).
- Third party payers, pharmacy benefit managers, or the agents of either, are prohibited from assisting patients with enrolling in the Copay Program.
- With this Copay Program, eligible patients may pay as little as \$5 per prescription for up to an 84-day supply of Myfembree. This Copay Program is subject to a calendar year maximum savings of \$5,000. After the calendar year maximum savings is reached, patient will be responsible for the remaining out-of-pocket costs for Myfembree.
- This card is valid for up to 12 prescription fills for a 28-day supply or 4 prescription fills for an 84-day supply.
- The Copay Program is good only in the U.S., Puerto Rico, or U.S. Territories at participating retail pharmacies. This Copay Program is void where prohibited by law and on the date an AB rated generic equivalent for Myfembree becomes available.
- This offer is not health insurance.
- This offer has no cash value and cannot be combined with any other coupon, free trial, discount, prescription savings card, or other similar offer for the specified prescription.
- This offer is not conditioned on any past or future purchase, including refills.
- This card is not transferable. The selling, purchasing, trading, or counterfeiting of this card is prohibited by law.
- Patient and participating pharmacists agree not to seek reimbursement from any insurer or third party for all, or any part of the benefit received by the patient through this Copay Program.
- Patient and participating pharmacists agree to report the receipt of Copay Program benefits to any insurer or other third party who pays for or reimburses any part of the prescription filled using the Copay Program, as may be required by such insurer or third party.
- Sumitomo Pharma America reserves the right to revoke, rescind, or amend this offer without notice.
- **By redeeming this card, you acknowledge that you are an eligible patient and that you understand and agree to comply with the terms and conditions of this offer.**

## Pharmacy Instructions:

**Pharmacist Instructions for a patient with an eligible third-party payer: When you redeem this card, you certify that you have not submitted and will not submit a claim for reimbursement under any federal, state, or other government health insurance programs for this prescription.**

- Process a Coordination of Benefits (COB/split bill) claim using the patient’s prescription insurance for the PRIMARY claim. Submit a SECONDARY claim to PDMI using BIN: 610020 (No PCN required). **Offer not valid for discount cards, uninsured/cash patients.**
- Valid Other Coverage Code required. For any questions regarding processing, please call the Help Desk at 1-833-693-3627. Program managed by Mercalis on behalf of Sumitomo Pharma America, Inc.

## IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (Cont’d)

**Tell your HCP about all your** prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements. If you take oral P-gp inhibitors, take Myfembree first and wait at least 6 hours before taking the P-gp inhibitor. Ask your HCP if you are not sure if you are taking this type of medicine.

**Tell your HCP if you are breastfeeding.** Myfembree may pass into your breast milk.

See **Important Facts** at the end.

You are encouraged to report adverse events related to Sumitomo Pharma America products by calling 1-800-696-8268 (US only). If you prefer, you may contact the US Food and Drug Administration (FDA) directly. Visit [www.fda.gov/MedWatch](http://www.fda.gov/MedWatch) or call 1-800-FDA-1088.

Please see Important Safety Information throughout and full **Prescribing Information, including BOXED WARNING**

## Pay as little as \$5 for your Myfembree prescription\*

\*Offer not valid for patients enrolled in Medicare, Medicaid, or other government healthcare programs. With this Copay Program, eligible patients may pay as little as \$5 per prescription for up to an 84-day supply of Myfembree. This Copay Program is subject to a calendar year maximum savings of \$5,000. After the calendar year maximum savings is reached, patient will be responsible for the remaining out-of-pocket costs for Myfembree.

Visit [myfembree.com](https://myfembree.com)

for more information and potential savings.

### Commercial Copay Assistance Program

PAY AS LITTLE AS

**\$5** for up to  
a 3-month  
supply of your  
prescription\*



**Myfembree<sup>®</sup>**  
(relugolix, estradiol, and  
norethindrone acetate) tablets  
40 mg, 1 mg, 0.5 mg

Eligible patients may pay as little as \$5 per fill for up to a 3-month supply of a prescription up to \$5,000 annual maximum\*

\*Terms and conditions apply.

# Important facts



## What is the most important information I should know about Myfembree?

### Myfembree may cause serious side effects, including:

#### • cardiovascular conditions:

- Myfembree may increase your chances of heart attack, stroke, or blood clots, especially if you are over 35 years of age, smoke, and have uncontrolled high blood pressure. **Stop taking MYFEMBREE and seek medical care right away if you have:** leg pain or swelling that will not go away; sudden shortness of breath; double vision, bulging of the eyes, sudden blindness, partial or complete; pain or pressure in your chest, arm, or jaw; sudden, severe headache unlike your usual headaches; weakness or numbness in an arm or leg, or trouble speaking

#### • bone loss (decreased bone mineral density [BMD])

- While taking Myfembree, your estrogen levels may be low, which can lead to BMD loss
- If you have bone loss on Myfembree, your bone density may improve after you stop, but complete recovery may not occur. It is unknown if these bone changes could increase your risk for broken bones as you age. For this reason, **you should not take Myfembree for more than 24 months**
- Your healthcare provider (HCP) may order an X-ray test called a DXA scan to check your BMD when you start and periodically after
- Your HCP may advise you to take vitamin D and/or calcium supplements to promote bone health. If you are also taking iron supplements, they should be taken two hours apart from vitamin D or calcium supplements

#### • effects on pregnancy

- **Do not take** Myfembree if you are trying to become or are pregnant. It may increase the risk of early pregnancy loss
- **If you think you are pregnant**, stop taking Myfembree right away and call your HCP
- Myfembree can change your period, making it hard to know if you are pregnant. Watch for other signs of pregnancy such as breast tenderness, weight gain and nausea
- Myfembree does not prevent pregnancy. You will need to use effective nonhormonal methods of birth control (e.g., condoms, spermicide) during and for 1 week after stopping Myfembree
- Do not take hormonal birth control such as birth control pills, because they may increase side effects and Myfembree may not work as well

## What is Myfembree?

Myfembree is a prescription medicine used in premenopausal women (before “change of life” or menopause) to control heavy menstrual bleeding due to uterine fibroids.

## Who should not take Myfembree?

### Do not take Myfembree if you:

- have or have had: blood clots in your legs, lungs, or eyes; stroke or heart attack; a problem that makes your blood clot more than normal; blood circulation disorders; certain heart valve problems or heart rhythm abnormalities that can cause blood clots to form in the heart; high blood pressure not well controlled by medicine; diabetes with kidney, eye, nerve, or blood vessel damage; certain kinds of severe migraine headaches with aura, numbness, weakness or changes in vision or migraine headaches if you are over age 35; breast cancer or any cancer that is sensitive to female hormones; osteoporosis; undiagnosed vaginal bleeding; liver problems including liver disease
- smoke and are over 35 years old
- have had a serious allergic reaction with symptoms that included swelling of your face, lips, mouth or tongue, trouble breathing, skin rashes, redness, or swelling or an allergic reaction to relugolix, estradiol, norethindrone or any of the ingredients in Myfembree

## What should I tell my healthcare provider before taking Myfembree?

### Before you take Myfembree, tell your HCP about all of your medical conditions, including if you:

- have or have had: broken bones or other conditions that may cause bone problems; depression, mood swings, or suicidal thoughts or behavior; yellowing of the skin or eyes (jaundice) or jaundice caused by pregnancy
- are scheduled for surgery or will be on bed rest. Myfembree may increase your risk of blood clots after surgery. Your HCP may advise you to stop taking Myfembree before you have surgery
- are pregnant or think you may be pregnant or just had a baby
- are breastfeeding. Myfembree may pass into your breast milk

Tell your HCP about all your prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements. If you take oral P-gp inhibitors, take Myfembree first and wait at least 6 hours before taking the P-gp inhibitor. Ask your HCP if you are not sure if you are taking this type of medicine.

## What are the possible side effects of Myfembree?

### Myfembree may cause additional serious side effects, including:

- **suicidal thoughts, suicidal behavior, and worsening of mood. Get medical care right away if you have these symptoms, especially if they are new, worse, or bother you:** thoughts about suicide or dying; attempts to commit suicide; new or worse depression or anxiety; other unusual changes in behavior or mood

Pay attention to any changes, especially sudden changes in your mood, behaviors, thoughts, or feelings.

- **abnormal liver tests. Call your HCP right away if you have any of these signs and symptoms of liver problems:** jaundice; dark amber-colored urine; feeling tired; nausea and vomiting; generalized swelling; right upper stomach area (abdomen) pain; bruising easily
- **gallbladder problems**, especially if you had jaundice caused by pregnancy
- **high blood pressure.** See your HCP to check your blood pressure regularly
- **uterine fibroid prolapse or expulsion.** Fibroids can come out completely or partially through the vagina. Call your HCP right away if you have increased bleeding from the vagina, which can be serious, or cramping
- **hair loss (alopecia).** Hair loss and thinning can happen while taking Myfembree. It is not known if this stops after you stop Myfembree or is reversible
- **increases in the blood sugar, cholesterol and fat (triglycerides) levels in your blood**
- **changes in laboratory tests** including thyroid, steroid, hormone, cholesterol, and blood clotting tests
- **severe allergic reactions.** Myfembree may cause swelling of your face, lips, mouth or tongue, trouble breathing, skin rashes, and redness

### The most common side effects of Myfembree include:

hot flushes, increased sweating, night sweats, abnormal vaginal bleeding, hair loss or thinning, decreased interest in sex.

These are not all the possible side effects of Myfembree. Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects. You are encouraged to report negative side effects of prescription drugs to the FDA. Visit [www.fda.gov/medwatch](http://www.fda.gov/medwatch) or call 1-800-FDA-1088.

## Want more information?

- This is only a brief summary of important information about Myfembree and does not replace talking to your HCP about your condition and your treatment. Ask your HCP for complete product information
- Go to [www.Myfembree.com](http://www.Myfembree.com) or call 1-833-693-3627 for information about Myfembree, including the FDA-approved product labeling
- The Myfembree Support Program is available for eligible patients. For more information, call 1-833-693-3627, 8 AM-8 PM ET, Monday-Friday

MYFEMBREE® and its associated logo are registered trademarks of Sumitomo Pharma Switzerland GmbH. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

◆ is a trademark of Sumitomo Pharma Co., Ltd., used under license.

SUMITOMO PHARMA is a trademark of Sumitomo Pharma Co., Ltd., used under license.

SUMITOMO is a registered trademark of Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd., used under license.

Sumitomo Pharma America, Inc. is a U.S. subsidiary of Sumitomo Pharma Co. Ltd.

©2025 Sumitomo Pharma Switzerland GmbH. All rights reserved.

MYF-US-0121-25 06/25

